

***Bringing the Outdoors In
&
The Indoors Out
with
5 Minute Field Trips***



Prepared By

Jacqueline Monteith

Frontier School Division

Science Consultant

General Ideas

- Scavenger hunts: all grades and subjects, from simple to complex. Vary this activity by using photography to 'capture' items rather than removing from their natural setting.
- Looking closely: use magnifying glasses to go on an open-ended hunt, just see what you can see!
- Create a school yard eco-calendar: temperature from last year, bloom date of dandelions, flowers, migrating birds in spring and fall, ice forms on water, snowfall, thunderstorms.
- Create an outdoor classroom: all you really need is a place for students to be comfortable during the activity or lesson.

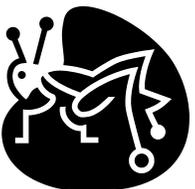
Kindergarten

| Unit | My Ideas | Your Ideas |
|--|--|------------|
| <p data-bbox="142 359 263 407">Trees</p>  | <p data-bbox="347 359 837 432">*practice tree vocabulary on a living tree</p> <p data-bbox="367 443 818 562">*bring items from a tree inside for further examination: trunk, needles/leaves, branch, root, etc.</p> <p data-bbox="367 569 824 642">*create patterns with found leaves based on colour, size, etc.</p> <p data-bbox="337 653 850 772">*adopt two trees: coniferous and deciduous. Observe each tree during the seasons, compare and contrast.</p> | |
| <p data-bbox="142 789 263 837">Colour</p>  | <p data-bbox="347 789 850 863">*find each colour in nature. This may be difficult!</p> <p data-bbox="331 873 860 993">*collect objects with different shades of the same colour: gray rocks, yellow leaves, etc.</p> <p data-bbox="331 999 857 1035">Create a 'colour line' from light to dark.</p> | |
| <p data-bbox="142 1257 263 1306">Paper</p>  | <p data-bbox="334 1257 857 1419">*explore a tree to find out which part makes paper. Discuss what would happen if leaves were added, different colour trees, etc.</p> <p data-bbox="350 1430 841 1591">*add to your design project using elements found in nature. Decorate paper cups or party hats with leaves and stones.</p> | |

Grade 1

| Unit | My Ideas | Your Ideas |
|---|--|------------|
| <p>Characteristics & Needs of Living Things</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none">*find and discuss one-way and two-way relationships*create a vocabulary list. Take a walk to demonstrate each word.*Explore all the different vegetation forms on a nature walk.*In a natural setting, point out what people need to survive. Compare this to what animals need to survive.*Take a walk, discuss how to respect the environment with specific examples of what to do and what not to do. | |
| <p>The Senses</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none">*close your eyes to discover a natural being: a tree, flower, etc. Describe how it feels, smells, etc*activate all senses outside, one at a time.*collect objects from nature. Classify them according to texture. | |
| <p>Characteristics of Objects & Materials</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none">*collect leaves, pebbles, other natural objects for classifying*Explore an outside object using sensory observations: tree, metal bike rack, wooden post*walk around the school or community. Try to find evidence of positive waste management. | |
| <p>Daily and Seasonal Changes</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none">*observe and record evidence of change in plants, leaves. Adopt a tree to observe, re-visit several times in the year*identify items that follow predictable patterns and cycles*look for evidence of seasonal changes: flocking birds, cool air, icicles, tracks in snow, growing buds, busy insects, etc.*in one day, go outside several times to observe how shadows change. | |

Grade 2

| Unit | My Ideas | Your Ideas |
|--|---|------------|
| <p>Growth & Changes in Animals</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *observe and record measurable changes in a volunteer animal *in a natural area, identify the foods that animals can use. Classify these foods. *To reinforce the life cycle, showcase and discuss a plant's life cycle. | |
| <p>Properties of Solids, Liquids & Gases</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Create a word list. See how many items you can observe outside. *Investigate how solids take up space on a larger scale. Use buckets of water and rocks, for example. *Identify liquids found in your area naturally: water, sap, etc *Demonstrate liquid states by observing a water source in fall/spring, winter, on a foggy morning, etc. | |
| <p>Position & Motion</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *demonstrate object relativity with natural elements: slope of a hill, behind a tree, above the grass, etc *Observe insects in the school yard. Do they spin, bounce, jump, etc? *Continue teaching about friction with outside elements: shoes on concrete, sandpaper on grass, etc. *observe your school yard play structure in terms of motion: planes, axles, etc. | |
| <p>Air & Water in Environment</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Find concrete examples of vocabulary words near the school. This can be like a scavenger hunt for examples. *find 5 pieces of evidence of moving air outside. *Visit the same place in the school yard several times in a month. Observe and identify how water is present: dew, fog, ice, snow, rain, etc. | |

Grade 3

| Unit | My Ideas | Your Ideas |
|--|--|------------|
| <p>Growth & Changes in Plants</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *visit the same plant/tree/flower over a period of time, observe, record, chart, photograph growth & changes *in spring, use a stethoscope to listen to sap running inside a tree. *in September, put wool socks on over your shoes. Walk in a natural area, the socks will collect seeds. Sort, identify, even grow the seeds. *find natural examples of vocabulary list | |
| <p>Materials & Structures</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *gather natural materials to investigate for bridge building, fasteners and strength *explore balance in nature – look at the symmetry of a tree, discuss why an unbalanced tree is standing, how various forces have affected items *observe shapes used in structures around the community. <p>Compare/contrast these to shapes in nature.</p> | |
| <p>Forces that Attract or Repel</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *walk in a natural area to find evidence of gravity *use natural objects to test magnetic attraction. *use a compass around the schoolyard. Observe the effects on the compass when placed near a bar magnet. | |
| <p>Soils in the Environment</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *have an outdoor conversation about what we know about soil. Seeing soil in use inspires a variety of responses. *collect soil samples from around the school, community, and in nature. Investigate and compare samples *with gloves on, dig into the soil. Observe insects that use the soil. Discuss how soil can be used. Try to identify as many insects as you can. | |

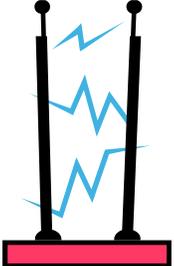
Grade 4

| Unit | My Ideas | Your Ideas |
|--|---|------------|
| <p>Habitats & Communities</p>  | <p>*Find and discuss one-way relationships and two-way relationships near the school</p> <p>*look for an animal or bird home, or find an area that would be suitable. Observe nearby needed places: water, food source, hiding spots. Discuss how much area that animal actually needs.</p> <p>*find a comfortable natural setting to read and discuss plant and animal stories from various cultures</p> | |
| <p>Light</p>  | <p>*Use light meters to measure the amount of natural light needed in a certain habitat. Measure from a spider web, ant hill, flower, small bush, etc. Chart and discuss.</p> <p>*Find and list examples of energy both inside and outside the school. Discuss in a sharing circle.</p> <p>*Use natural objects to predict shadow size based on light source position.</p> | |
| <p>Sound</p>  | <p>*with closed eyes, listen to all sounds. Create and compare sound maps and chart. Repeat daily/weekly to notice differences and patterns.</p> <p>*when windy, place one ear against a tree and plug the other ear. Listen to all the creaks.</p> <p>*after observing sound in an area, create 'deer ears' by cupping hands behind ears. Observe new sounds.</p> <p>*use natural objects to enhance the design of a musical instrument.</p> | |
| <p>Rocks, Minerals & Erosion</p>  | <p>*collect a certain number of rocks from various areas in the community. Observe, classify, and compare areas.</p> <p>*go for an indoor and outdoor walk around the school to determine which materials are made from rocks and minerals.</p> <p>*observe local human activities which have changed the landscape.</p> | |

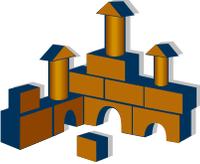
Grade 5

| Unit | My Ideas | Your Ideas |
|--|---|------------|
| <p>Maintaining a Healthy Body</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *observe several different plants in a natural environment. Create invented but realistic food labels for each plant. *Compare body systems to a tree in the schoolyard. Which parts of the tree would be the skeleton? Nervous system? Muscles? Tendons? Skin? *Investigate local waste management processes. Visit any waste management site. Compare to the body's method of getting rid of waste. | |
| <p>Properties of & Change in Substances</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *explore process: evidence of one action that produces a reaction *collect and investigate natural items, describe substances *Find examples of the changing states of matter near the schoolyard. Include physical and chemical changes. | |
| <p>Forces & Simple Machines</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *visit the playground to see which simple machines are used. If there is a teeter-totter, experiments with different weights, distance from fulcrum, etc. *hunt around the schoolyard and community for wheel and axles, gear and pulleys, a wedge, etc. *use the playground to create and demonstrate a moveable pulley system, a created lever, a wedge, etc. Create a problem and let the students solve it for you using machines. | |
| <p>Weather</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *record daily weather for 2 weeks. Include wind, temperature, clouds, etc at the same time daily. Each day, have students predict weather for following day based on evidence. *after designing their own weather instruments, test instruments outside daily for 1-2 weeks. Record observations. *Record an outdoor weather report in the morning. Broadcast it in your school. *Invite a hunter/trapper to your classroom to discuss experiences with weather. | |

Grade 6

| Unit | My Ideas | Your Ideas |
|---|---|------------|
| <p>Diversity of Living Things</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * find and discuss one-way and two-way relationships *give students a time limit to collect as many different leaves as possible, then categorize in as many ways as they can (size, colour, points, stem length, etc) *observe specific animals and insects. Discuss adaptations needed for survival. *find a place in nature to observe the five kingdoms of living things. | |
| <p>Flight</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *observe flight in nature, large and small. Observe insects, small birds, large birds. Discuss concepts in nature used in flight technology. *find examples of flight in plants and trees: leaves falling, seeds blowing, etc. Discuss how these characteristics have been copied by humans. *Test and re-test a variety of kites on different days, comparing wind and temperature with flight success. | |
| <p>Electricity</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Address lightening safety around the community and in nature. Identify specific safe unsafe places to be. *collect natural materials to test as insulators or conductors. *after creating an electromagnet, take it outside to see if you can pick up any rocks in the schoolyard. Also, take a walk around the school to see which types of metal create a magnetic field (door handles, hinges, bike racks) | |
| <p>Exploring the Solar System</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Gather in a place where you can see satellite devices (cell tower, dish on the school). Discuss how these work on site. Introduce students to GPS. *view a satellite map (Google maps) of your area. Observe what is seen clearly and what is missing from the map. Follow a trail from the map. *In a natural setting, have students describe what would happen if the sun disappeared. Use specific terminology from previous study. | |

Grade 7

| Unit | My Ideas | Your Ideas |
|--|---|------------|
| <p>Interactions within Ecosystems</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *find and discuss one-way and two-way relationships *find evidence of complex change: sprouting seed, cocoon, etc. *find evidence of simpler change: decaying plant or animal *reinforce needed vocabulary with specific examples in a natural setting | |
| <p>Particle Theory of Matter</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Observe allocations made for heating/cooling in the community: tar in sidewalk, hydro lines, docks, etc. *collect water samples from around the community (lake areas, pond, tap, rain). Test boiling points, discuss results. *Each student collects snow in a container. At timed intervals, record temperature. Create a graph, compare with entire class. | |
| <p>Forces & Structures</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Visit a structure in your community (bridge, dock). Identify how it is able to withstand natural forces. Observe any effects of force onto the structure. *Identify static, live, dead and dynamic loads around the school. Use a bicycle to demonstrate some concepts. *Challenge students to design a structure (tallest or strongest) using only natural objects they have collected. | |
| <p>Earth's Crust</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Collect rocks and minerals in the community. Describe using observations on lustre, cleavage, etc. *Near a water source, find evidence of erosion. *visit a local garden. Identify soil properties to make that garden successful. | |

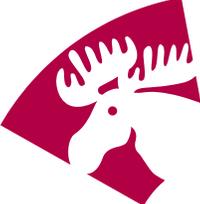
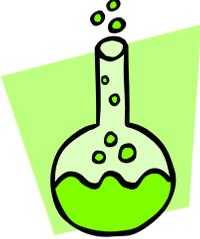
Grade 8

| Unit | My Ideas | Your Ideas |
|---|--|------------|
| <p>Cells & Systems</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *use the Characteristics of Living Things chart to document several organisms in a natural area *collect several plant samples around the school. Use a microscope to compare and contrast samples. *In a natural setting, have students create an analogy of the planet Earth's systems. What would be the lungs, skeleton system, etc? | |
| <p>Optics</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *collect and use natural elements to create colour dyes: dandelion stem, berries. *Explore reflection in the schoolyard and in a natural setting. Identify which sources produce a light reflection, and why. *use a camera to go on an optical treasure hunt: photographing various colours, natural examples of optic concepts. | |
| <p>Fluids</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *challenge students to find an outdoor example of a newly learned term. *Use a variety of collected natural objects with different weights and volumes to explore mass & displacement. *Use natural objects to build penny boats. | |
| <p>Water Systems</p>  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Find specific examples of the water cycle outdoors. *Visit a shoreline on a calm day. Observe the effects of erosion on the bank. Discuss ideas on how to prevent erosion. *visit your community's water filter system. | |

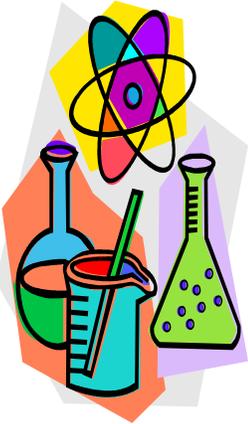
Grade 9

| Unit | My Ideas | Your Ideas |
|--|--|------------|
| <p data-bbox="110 260 306 296">Reproduction</p>  | <p data-bbox="342 260 854 380">*In a natural setting, observe as many plants which use visible asexual reproduction as possible.</p> <p data-bbox="367 390 829 590">*In a natural setting, have students identify which plants would be genetically modified, and for what purpose. Would they link characteristics?</p> | |
| <p data-bbox="120 695 297 800">Atoms & Elements</p>  | <p data-bbox="367 688 829 808">*Take a walk around and near the school. Identify any items that use any of the first 18 elements.</p> <p data-bbox="391 819 805 892">*Find examples of physical and chemical changes in nature.</p> <p data-bbox="358 903 837 1022">*Walk around the community to find examples of chemical changes in urban settings.</p> | |
| <p data-bbox="120 1121 297 1226">Nature of Electricity</p>  | <p data-bbox="342 1115 854 1234">*Find several objects around the school and in a natural setting. See if these will relay a charge.</p> <p data-bbox="350 1245 846 1402">*Visit a water source. Discuss the benefits and issues of bringing a hydroelectricity dam into or near your community.</p> | |
| <p data-bbox="120 1547 297 1715">Exploring the Universe</p>  | <p data-bbox="342 1541 854 1703">*For a period of 2 weeks, chart the position of the sun at different times of day. Compare the position results over the time span.</p> <p data-bbox="350 1713 846 1875">*After researching was of searching for extraterrestrial life, identify and justify an area suitable for habitat by any life form.</p> | |

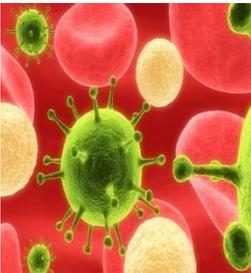
Grade 10

| Unit | My Ideas | Your Ideas |
|---|--|------------|
| <p data-bbox="115 264 305 422">Dynamics of Ecosystems</p>  | <p data-bbox="347 264 849 632">*find and discuss one-way relationships & two-way relationships *use a natural setting to explain carrying capacity, limiting factors for specific animals *Identify and document the biodiversity of a set area. Use (and then remove) hunter's tape for the boundary.</p> | |
| <p data-bbox="115 648 305 758">Chemistry in Action</p>  | <p data-bbox="347 648 849 894">*explore process: evidence of one action that is a direct cause for another reaction *Challenge students to find direct evidence of non-reversible pollution in and around the community.</p> | |
| <p data-bbox="115 1033 305 1079">In Motion</p>  | <p data-bbox="347 1033 849 1278">*Focus on movement in nature: clouds, blowing wind, flowers that open or close, things that fly, run, or jump, water that flows, etc. *measure the flow of water using two set points, an orange, and a timer.</p> | |
| <p data-bbox="115 1461 305 1570">Weather Dynamics</p>  | <p data-bbox="347 1461 849 1875">*for 2 weeks, have students predict weather for following day based on specific evidence. Record daily weather including wind, temperature, UV index, highs & lows, etc. *measure radiation in various outdoor areas, both near the school and in nature. *find evidence of severe weather effects in your community.</p> | |

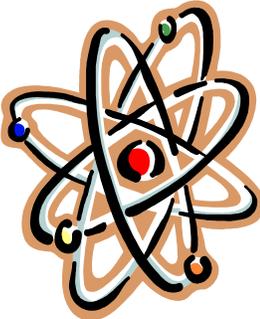
Grades 11 & 12

| Unit | My Ideas | Your Ideas |
|--|--|------------|
| <p data-bbox="142 457 337 510">Chemistry</p>  An illustration of chemistry glassware including a round-bottom flask with blue liquid, a beaker with red liquid and a green stir rod, and a conical flask with green liquid and bubbles. Above the glassware is a stylized atom symbol with a yellow nucleus and three colored orbits (blue, purple, red). | <p data-bbox="402 457 893 531">*look for evidence of chemical reactions: rust, growing crystals, etc</p> <p data-bbox="423 625 872 741">*Use Kinetic Molecular Theory to describe and explain observed natural properties and processes</p> <p data-bbox="423 835 872 909">*measure air pressure in various indoor and outdoor areas</p> <p data-bbox="415 1003 880 1119">*participate in a local water supply tour, testing local water, and recommended treatments</p> <p data-bbox="415 1213 880 1287">*experiment with solubility using a variety of collected water samples</p> | |

Grades 11 & 12

| Unit | My Ideas | Your Ideas |
|--|---|------------|
| <p data-bbox="175 457 321 510">Biology</p>  A microscopic image showing several red blood cells (erythrocytes) and a green, spherical virus-like particle with surface spikes. The background is a mix of red and yellowish tones. | <p data-bbox="410 457 881 793">*look for signs of destruction or death in nature: fly in spider web, rock cracked by tree root, something burned. Have students explain why these are positive or negative, and which leads to new beginnings. Re-visit site to observe changes.</p> <p data-bbox="410 835 881 961">*identify activities and locations for outdoor activity in your community. Link these to health and wellness.</p> <p data-bbox="410 1003 881 1129">*identify life processes that are common to humans and observed plants.</p> <p data-bbox="410 1171 881 1339">*compare the nutritional needs of local plants and animals to humans. In a natural setting, identify the nutritional types.</p> <p data-bbox="410 1381 881 1465">*Explain how planet Earth maintains homeostasis</p> <p data-bbox="410 1507 881 1591">*Explore 'survival of the fittest' in a natural setting</p> | |

Grade 11 & 12

| Unit | My Ideas: | Your Ideas |
|--|---|------------|
| <p data-bbox="170 457 321 506">Physics</p>  | <p data-bbox="423 453 878 659">*Conduct a Safe Egg experiment: create safe containers, parachutes, etc so the egg is protected upon impact from a set height.</p> <p data-bbox="435 747 867 831">*Use outdoor examples of wave use in the community.</p> <p data-bbox="415 919 883 1087">*create a theory of nature (true or false). Defend your theory, 'prove' it using the attributes of a good theory</p> <p data-bbox="418 1176 880 1344">*Use outdoor objects & settings to explore kinematics, momentum, projectiles, centrifugal force & dynamics</p> | |

Resources

The Single Concept Field Trip

Clarke Birchard and Alan Crook

Adapted from *Pathways* 7:4, June 1994

Five Minute Field Trips

Teaching about nature in your schoolyard

Canadian Parks and Wilderness Society

Calgary Zoo

2002